# Nebraska Power Association 2023 Load & Capability Report

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Jason Fortik Vice President, Power Supply, LES Chair, NPA Joint Planning Subcommittee



#### Organizational and Statutory Background Information

#### Nebraska Power Review Board (NPRB)

- State agency formed in 1963 to regulate Nebraska's publicly owned electric utility industry
- Five member Board approved by the Governor and confirmed by the Legislature

#### Nebraska Power Association (NPA)

- Voluntary organization of municipal, public power district, and cooperative electric utilities (166 members)
- Formed in 1980 to address statewide electricity policies and issues.
   Administered by LES

#### State Statute 70-1025

- Requires an annual statewide report on electric demand and generation for a 20 year period
- NPA is the designated entity to provide this report to the NPRB

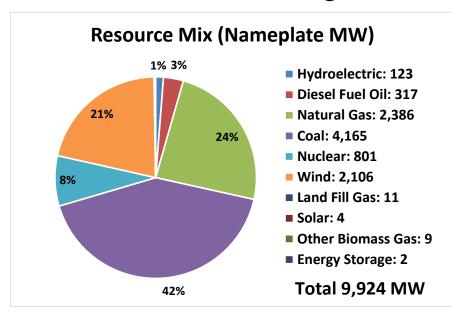


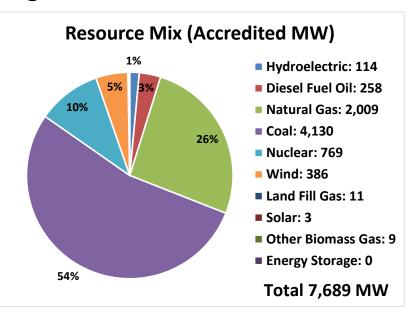
#### **Nebraska's Peak Demand Growth**

- Average annual demand growth rate is 1.5% per year from 2023 through 2042
  - The utilities are using probability based rankings to determine the loads included
- This is much higher than the 0.4% growth rate shown in last year's report due to modifications in the methods for including large loads



### **Existing Generating Resources\***





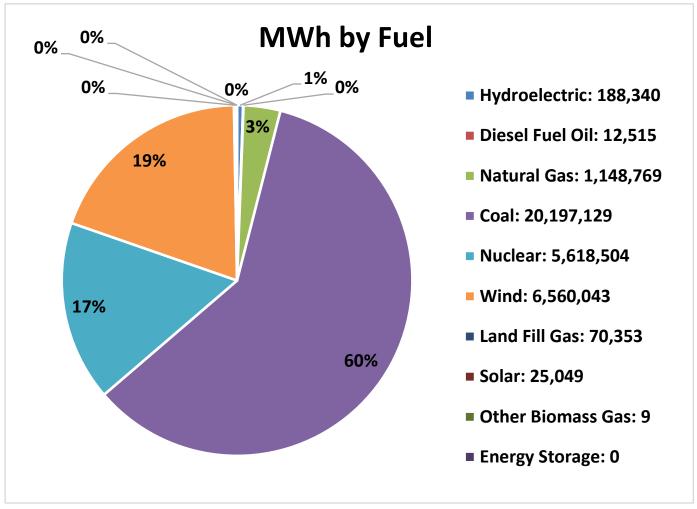
- 1,180 MW of Firm Power Purchases <sup>1</sup>
  - 832 MW Western Area Power Administration Hydro Contracts
  - 348 MW Other Firm Power Contracts
- 124 MW of utility behind the meter nameplate generation (includes solar)



<sup>\*</sup> Nameplate and Accredited data added per NPRB request. Resources expected to by in service by summer of 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Capacity reserves are provided by the Firm Power provider

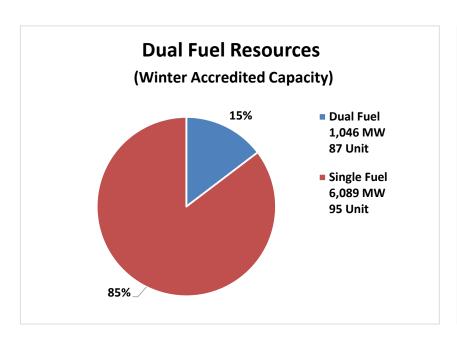
### 2022 Generation Energy Production By Fuel (MWh)

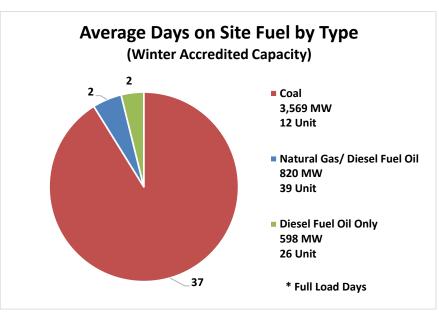


<sup>\*</sup> Data added per NPRB request



# Dual Fuel Units and On-Site Fuel Storage (Winter Conditions)

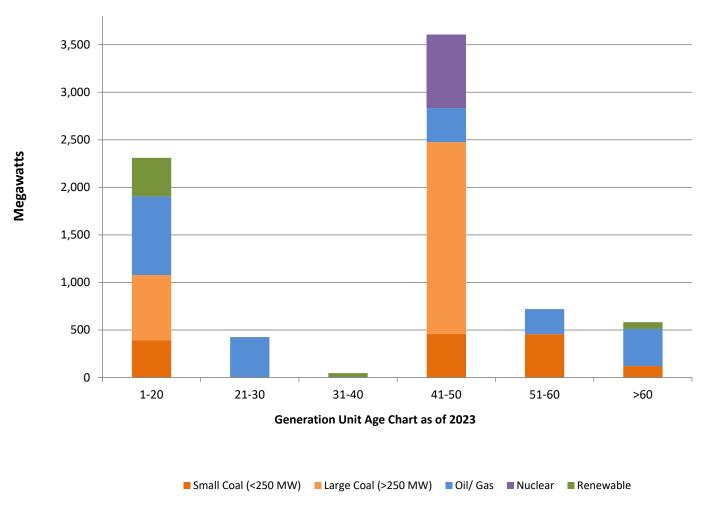






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### **Age of Existing Generating Fleet**





# Committed, Planned, and Studied Generating Resources (Accredited)

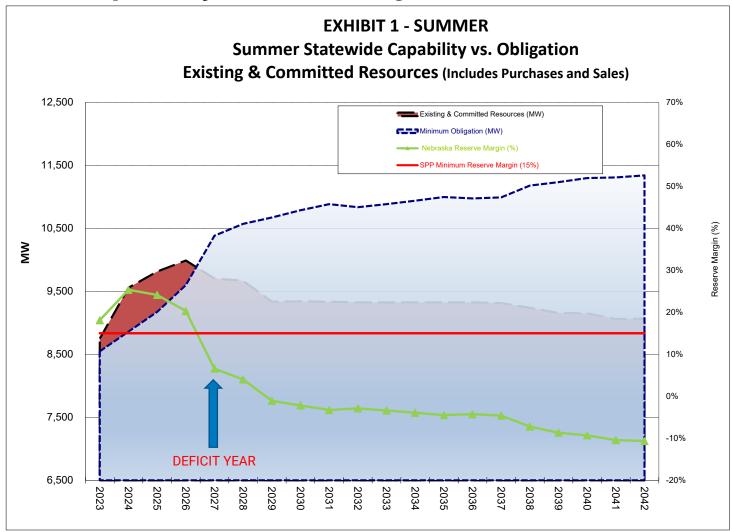
	Renewable	Conventional	Unspecified	Total
Committed	56 (OPPD Platteview Solar)	593 (OPPD Standing Bear Lake NG) (OPPD Turtle Creek NG)	0	649
Planned	0	0	0	0
Studied	872 (OPPD Solar, Wind, Battery Storage, DR)	<b>750</b> (OPPD CT)	391 (NPPD)	2,013
Total	928	1,343	391	2,662

SPP Generation Interconnection Queue for Nebraska (Nameplate) as of June 4, 2023

- ≈ 1,830 MW Battery Storage
- ≈ 5,575 MW Solar
- ≈ 4,573 MW Wind
- ≈ 1,952 MW Hybrid (Typically Solar + Storage)
- ≈ 1,286 MW Conventional



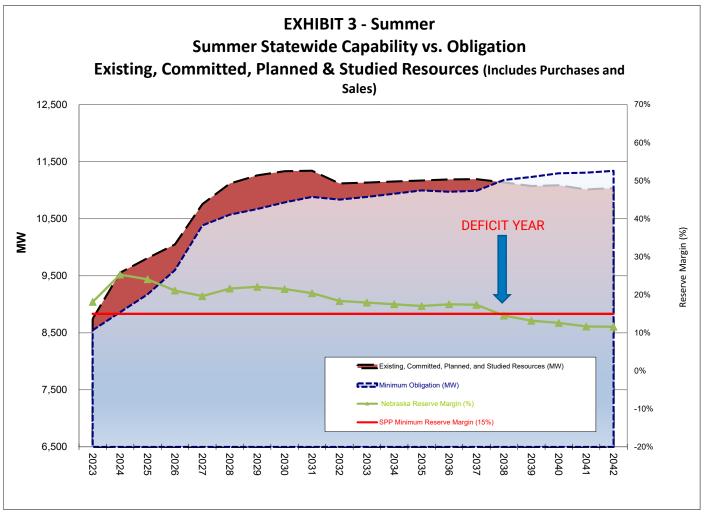
### Load & Capability with Existing & Committed Resources



\* SPP's Recently Revised 15% Planning Reserve Margin in Use



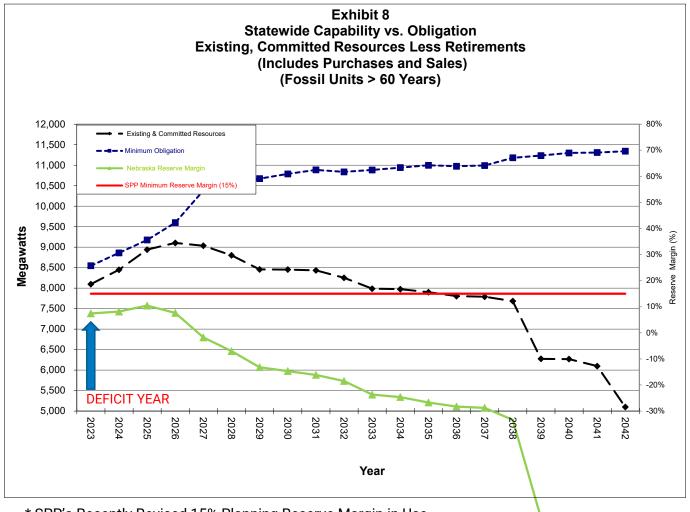
# Load & Capability with Existing, Committed, Planned & Studied Resources



<sup>\*</sup> SPP's Recently Revised 15% Planning Reserve Margin in Use



# Load & Capability with Existing & Committed Resources Less 60+ Year Fossil Retirements



<sup>\*</sup> SPP's Recently Revised 15% Planning Reserve Margin in Use



<sup>\*</sup> Data added per NPRB request

### **Utility Decarbonization Goal Summary**

#### Nebraska Public Power District

- Board of Directors established strategic directive (SD-05) in 2021
- The goal is to achieve net-zero carbon emissions from generation resources by 2050

#### Omaha Public Power District

 Board of Directors adopted a goal in its Strategic Directives to achieve net-zero carbon production by 2050

#### Lincoln Electric System

- Administrative Board approved a resolution in late 2020
- The goal is to achieve net-zero carbon dioxide production from its generation portfolio by 2040

#### Municipal Energy Agency of Nebraska

- Board of Directors approved a resolution in early 2020
- The goal is to achieve a carbon neutral power resource portfolio by 2050



### **Summary**

- Demand growth of 1.5% per year is higher than the 0.4% shown in last year's report due to modifications in the methods for including large loads in each utility's forecast.
- Nebraska meets its SPP Reserve Margin requirements with existing and committed resources through 2026.
- Each utility that has set decarbonization goals will continue to evaluate their options in the coming years.



## **Panel Discussion**

